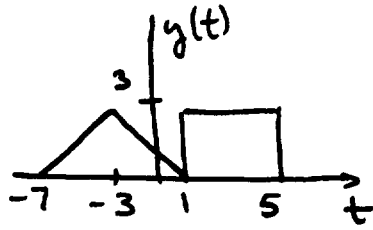
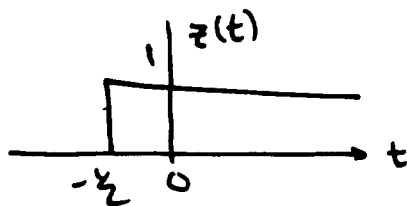


GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
SCHOOL OF ECE
EE 3230
SOLUTIONS TO QUIZ # 1

① (a)



$$(b) z(t) = x(-\frac{t}{2}) \int_{-\infty}^t \delta(\tau + \frac{t}{2}) d\tau = \begin{cases} x(-\frac{t}{2}), & t > -\frac{t}{2} \\ 0, & t < -\frac{t}{2} \end{cases} = u(t + \frac{1}{2})$$

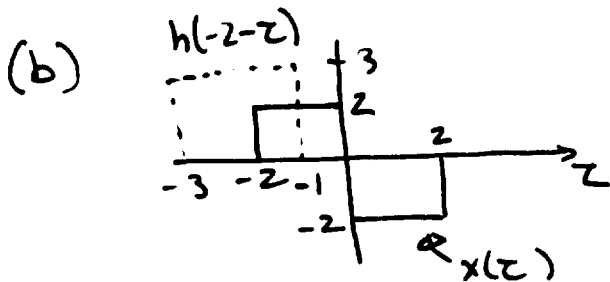


②

	System I	System II
Memoryless	NO	NO
Causal	NO	NO
Stable	YES	YES
Linear	YES	YES
Time-Invariant	NO	NO

③ (a)

$$\begin{aligned} t < -3 \\ -3 < t < -1 \\ -1 < t < 1 \\ 1 < t < 3 \\ t > 3 \end{aligned}$$



$$\Rightarrow y(-2) = \int_{-2}^{-1} 6 dz = \underline{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{4} \text{ (a) } h(t) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-4}^{-2} 2e^{j\omega t} d\omega + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_2^4 2e^{j\omega t} d\omega = \frac{1}{\pi j t} [e^{-j2t} - e^{-j4t} + e^{j4t} - e^{j2t}] \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi j t} \left\{ e^{-j3t} (e^{jt} - e^{-jt}) + e^{j3t} (e^{jt} - e^{-jt}) \right\} \\
 &= \frac{4}{\pi} \cos(3t) \cdot \frac{\sin(t)}{t} \quad \Rightarrow a = \frac{4}{\pi}, b = 3, c = 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(b) } y(t) &= H(0) \cdot 1 + H(-j\pi) \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\pi t} + H(j\pi) \frac{1}{2} e^{j\pi t} \\
 &= 2 \cos(\pi t)
 \end{aligned}$$

- $\textcircled{5}$ (a) False
 (b) False
 (c) True
 (d) True
 (e) True